

## NAIB TEHSILDAR HIMACHAL PRADESH DISCUSSION



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1.) Ghiraths of Kangra region are farmers. Caste system in himachal includes Koli, Chamar, Chanal, Hali, Hesi, Sippi, Turi, Sunar, Dumna and Ghirath. I named some one of them

2.) Which litterateur is known by the name Dard Dhamotavi?

- A. Harnamdas Dogra
- B. **Deshraj Dogra**
- C. Ratan Singh
- D. Ratan Singh

**Solution:** Option B is correct.

3.) Which pass connects Lahul region to Chamba districts Bharmaur area?

- A. Rohtang
- B. Kunjam
- C. **Kugati**
- D. Baralacha

**Solution: Option C** is correct. If you love trekking it is one of the best. On the lower trails glimpse of apple orchards, pine forests and green meadows attracts while on the upper slopes scenes of snow glaciers and ice falls lures your soul toward nature. Thrill on higher altitude is intoxicating.

4.) 'Thuppa' the main traditional dish of Lahul valley is prepared particularly during

- A. **Winter**
- B. Spring
- C. Summer
- D. Wedding

**Solution:** Winter. Thuppa is the main traditional dish of people of Lahul

5.) In Which manner Nobel Laureate Aung San Su Kyi has an intimate connection with Shimla?

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- A. She graduated from Himachal Pradesh University
- B. She stayed in Shimla as a Research fellow in IAS for two years.**
- C. Her doctoral thesis is about Shimla.
- D. She has a visiting faculty in Himachal Pradesh University.

**Solution:** Option B is correct. She is the leader of National League for democracy and 1<sup>st</sup> State Counsellor of Myanmar. She is Nobel Prize Laureate (1991). IAS stands for **Indian Institute of Advanced Studies** which was established in year 1965.

6.) Who designated Shimla as the summer capital of British Empire in India?

- A. Lord Canning
- B. Lord Elgin
- C. Sir John Lawrence**
- D. Lord Lytton

**Solution:** Sir John Lawrence served as the viceroy of India (1864-1869). In 1863 John Lawrence declared Shimla as the summer capital of British Empire in India. You can know more about Shimla and its beauty through the images clicked by Glbaat as part of [Shimla memories](#).

7.) Operation Black Tornado was launched in the wake of

- A. ULFA Extremism
- B. Sikh Militancy
- C. Maoist Violence in West Bengal
- D. Terrorist attack in Mumbai**

**Solution:** The 2008 Mumbai attacks also called as 26/11 2008. On 29th November, Indian National security guards conducted 'Operation Black Tornado' to flush out remaining attackers.

8.) What steps was taken by the British government through Shimla manifesto?

- A. Announcement of war with Afghanistan**
- B. Treaty with Maharaja Ranjeet Singh
- C. Establishment of the first church in Shimla
- D. Commencement of laying down of Kalka-Shimla Rail

**Solution:** A

9.) By whom Shimla's Designation as summer capital of British India was defended in the following manner- "It was only place in India where a viceroy could divest himself of the trappings of office."

- A. Lord Curzon**
- B. Lord Minto
- C. Lord Reading

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D. Lord Chelmsford

**Solution:** Option A is correct. He was governor general and viceroy of India whereas governor general and viceroy of India Lord Minto witnesses the outburst of Indian National Movement. Lord Chelmsford is most famous for having lost the battle of Isandlwana where the British Army was wiped out by the Zulus. Glbaat have added some details of other viceroy so that you may have some glimpse about their regime and tenure.

10.) By whom Malala Yousafzai's name has been suggested for the next Nobel Peace Prize?

1. Asma Jahangir
2. Mitchell Obama
3. Hillary Clinton
4. Angelina Jolie

**Solution:** Option 4 which is Angelina Jolie. Asma Jahangir was a Pakistani human rights lawyer and social activist who cofounded and chaired the Human Rights Commission of Pakistan. Angelina Jolie pays tribute to Malala Yousafzai and donated \$200,000 to fund which is named after Pakistani student activist. I read somewhere Option 1 but Option 4 is more appropriate but I suggest you to refer from other source also.

11.) Nobel Prize awarded to Aung San Su Kyi became extraordinary in the sense that:

- A. She was the first women to get it.
- B. She accepted it personally after 21 years of winning the award.
- C. She was not allowed to send even her acceptance speech by junta
- D. It was awarded for her relentless crusade against bonded labor and drug cartels.

**Solution:** B is the right option.

12.) Rare personality like Gandhi arrive rarely on this earth for the weal of humanity and Motherland" who eulogized Mahatma Gandhi in these terms ?

- A. Albert Einstein
- B. Romain Rolland
- C. Rabindranath Tagore
- D. Dr. Pranjeevandas Mehta

**Solution:** Option D is the right answer . It is Mehta who has insisted that Gandhiji demand complete independence from British India. He was pillar of support for Bapu throughout the life. Many people don't know this and this is quite amazing because less people have really heard Dr. Pranjeevandas Mehta name.

13.) Between 1936 and 1945 Mahatma Gandhi often stayed at Manorville, whenever he visited Shimla. This mansion belonged to

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- A. Amrita Shergil
- B. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur**
- C. Sir Kenneth Fitz
- D. Mohansingh Oberoi

14.) NASA'S Curiosity rover which completed its First soil analysis on Mars has found minerals on the Red planet similar basalt volcanic soils in

- A. **Hawaii**
- B. Iceland
- C. Finland
- D. Japan

Solution: **Option A is correct.** Do you know that worlds more than one third commercial supply of pineapples comes from Hawaii.

15.) In which year AITUC (All India Trade Union Congress) founded and who presided over its maiden session ?

- A. Year 1930 and Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Year 1922 and Pandit Motilal Nehru
- C. Year 1920 and Lala Lajpat Rai**
- D. Year 1925 and Vallabhbhai Patel

Solution: **Option C is correct.** To know more about AITUC, it focuses on growth of the workers with the agenda of socialist state and promoting security and maintenance of the workers. It is the third largest communist party of India.

16.) In which present day Indian state progressive step of abolition of centuries old slavery system was taken first of all during the British era ?

- A.) Andhra Pradesh
- B.) Tamil Nadu
- C.) Kerala**
- D.) Gujarat

**Solution:** C is correct Option. Some words for Kerala are as below

Tranquil (Calm) Stretch of emerald (green color) backwaters with prolific and flourishing hill stations, exotic wildlife and connectivity of 44 rivers.

17.) In the context of hoary spiritual heritage of Indian society who presented the following syncretistic view of secularism, '*When India is said to be a secular state, it does not mean that we reject the reality of an unseen spirit or the relevance of religion to life or that we exalt irreligion*'

- A.) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan**
- B.) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru

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- C.) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- D.) K.M Munshi

**Solution: Correct Option is A.** Describing him in few words could not be sufficient. He was an accomplished scholar, a distinguished philosopher and effective diplomat. He is an exemplary [very good] teacher who strove to bring best in his students. First book he wrote was philosophy of Rabindranath Tagore whom he believed as a true manifestation of Indian spirit. In this question I found two words whose meaning I should give for better understanding of the question. One is **syncretistic** [fusion of different religion, cultures or philosophy] and **exalt** [Raised to a higher level].

18.) During British rule which factor signified the importance of postmen in the Summer Capital of the Raj

- A.) Postman were given special bonus twice in a year
- B.) They got biannual LTC
- C.) They were paid more than teachers
- D.) They are invited to official functions

**Solution: Option C is the right option**

19.) Please tell about **Nobel Prizes 2017**

**The Nobel Prize in Physics:** Rainer Weiss, Barry C Barish and Kip S. Thorne for decisive contribution towards LIGO Detector and gravitational waves.

**The Nobel Prize in Chemistry:** Jacques Dubochet, Joachim Frank and Richard Henderson for developing cryo-electron microscopy for high resolution determination of biomolecules in solutions.

**The Nobel Prize in Psychology/ Medicine:** Jeffrey C. Hall, Michael Rosbash and Michael W. Young for discovering molecular mechanism for controlling circadian system.

**The Nobel Prize in Literature:** Kazuo Ishiguro who, in novels of great emotional force, has uncovered the abyss beneath our illusory sense of connection with the world

**The Nobel Peace Prize 2017:** International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons (ICAN) "*for its work to draw attention to the catastrophic humanitarian consequences of any use of nuclear weapons and for its ground-breaking efforts to achieve a treaty-based prohibition of such weapons*"

**The Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences:** Richard H. Thaler "*for his contributions to behavioural economics*"

20.) Who was the prime minister of Britain at the time of India's Independence?

- A.) Clement Attlee
- B.) Ramsay MacDonald

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- C.) N. Chamberlain
- D.) Winston Churchill

**Solution:** Option A is correct. He was the prime minister of Britain from 1945-1951

21.) The Prime minister has recently launched a satellite service for the SAARC Countries please name it

- A.) GSAT-8
- B.) GSAT-9**
- C.) GSAT-5
- D.) GSAT-4

Option B is correct. GSAT-9 is also called as The south Asian Satellite which is operated by Indian Space Research Organization for the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation on 5th May, 2017. Only Pakistan rejected. As Pakistan stepped out of it is called The south Asian Satellite instead of SAARC Satellite

22.) Which Mughal emperor got a mosque build inside the Kangra Fort:

- A.) Humanyu
- B.) Akbar
- C.) Jahangir**
- D.) Aurangzeb

Solution: Option C is correct. Kangra fort (Nagarkot Fort) is located 20 km from Dharamshala. This is believed to be Indian oldest dated fort build 3500 years ago by Katoch family Maharaja Susharma Chandra. In 1620 Akbar son Jahangir captured this fort.

23.) Which European travelled from Nahan to Jammu via Nurpur around 1783 AD?

- A.) Harcourt
- B.) Forster**
- c.) Vigne
- D.) Bernier

**Solution: Option B** is correct. Such reference could be find in Forster's travel.

**Note:** If you find any answer wrong, please read and follow the right one. Answers are prepared with full care but there may be some imperfection. Hope you will take the responsibility to correct it.

24.) Which raja of Nurpur princely state built the Taragarh Fort in the territory of Chamba princely state around 1625-1630 AD?

- A.) Basu

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B.) Jagat Singh

C.) Jai Singh

D.) Rajrup Singh

Solution: Basu Dev is the father of Jagat Singh or we can say that Jagat Singh is the second son of Basu Dev. Suraj Mal is the elder brother of Jagat Singh. Nurpur was first known as **Dhameri**. In the same way there is another fort which you should remember Kamlah fort built by **Raja Suraj Sen of Mandi**. Another fort so called Nahan Fort is there in Nahan( town in Sirmaur district) is built by Karam Prakash. Kangra fort, Taragarh fort and Nahan fort are very important from examination point of view.

25.) What is the name of Yogi who guided raja Sahil Varman of Chamba princely state regarding the site of new capital of his state.

A.) Gorakhnath

B.) Bholanath

C.) Charpatnath

D.) Balaknath

Solution: Charpatnath is yogi who guided raja Sahil Varman of Chamba princely state regarding the site of new capital of his state. Along with that, symbol of yogi is carved on Chamba copper coin called chakli.

26.) Which Raja of Kullu was taken prisoner by the Suket princely state around 850-900 AD?

A.) Sidh Pal

B.) Bahadur Singh

C.) Bhup Pal

D.) Bidhi Singh

Solution: Bhup Pal was taken prisoner by the Suket princely state. Suket state is a part of modern Mandi district.

27.) Where was the decisive battle fought between Gurkhas and British during the first quarter of nineteenth century?

A.) Jaitak Hills

B.) Haripur Dhar

C.) Sain Dhar

D.) Dharthi Dhar

Solution: **Option A** is correct. Jaitak fort is built in the Jaitak hills 15 km from Nahan. It was built by Ranjor Singh Thapa (Gurkha leader). Here battle is fought between British and Nepali army lead by Amar Singh Thapa and army defeated the britishers.

28.) Around which year was a treaty signed between Raja Kehri Singh of Bushahr and Tibet?

**Solution:** 17th Centaury

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29.) Who founded the ruling dynasty of Hindur princely state?

**Solution:** Ajit Chand. Hindur in present time is called Nalagarh

30.) Which ruler of Bushahr acted with hostility towards the British during the 1857 mutiny?

**Solution:** Shamsheer Singh. He has refused to pay usual nazrana to the British in 1857.

31.) Which was sentenced to death in Lahore conspiracy case which was later reduced to life imprisonment: **Hirday Ram**

32.) Which two Thakurais were made subordinate to Jubbal princely state in 1896 AD:  
**Rawingarh and Dhadi**

33.) When did Narendra Mandal (Chamber of Princes) come into existence: **The Chamber of Princes (Narendra Mandal) was an institution established in 1920 by King-Emperor George V's proclamation on 23 December 1919. Narendra Mandal was inaugurated by Duke of Connaught in year 1921.**

34.) According to 2011 census which district of Himachal Pradesh has the lowest population of S.C?

- A.) Kullu
- B.) Bilaspur
- C.) Lahaul-Spiti**
- D.) Hamirpur

**Solution:** According to 2011 population Census, Population of **Lahaul-Spiti** is about 31,528. It has least population density.

35.) Which Mountain pass is located at the highest altitude?

- A) Kangla
- B.) Parangla**
- C.) Kumjam
- D.) Darati

**Solution:** Option B is correct. Parang La is a parallel pass from Spiti valley of Himachal to Ladakh along with Takling Pass.

36.) Which lake is between Dodra-Kawar and Sangla (Kinnaur)?

- A.) Karali
- B) Kareri
- C.) Ghadasaru
- D.) Bradonsar**

**Solution:** Option D is correct.

37.) Given below are the rivers along with their tributaries. Match the wrong one

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A.) Yamuna: Jalal

**B.) Satluj: Andhra**

C.) Beas: Spin

D.) Chenab: Miyar

**Solution:** B is wrong because Andhra is the tributary of Yamuna. Please see the following table to know more. From list Anhra come under yamuna.

Rivers	Tributaries
Yamuna	Jalal, Markanda, Andhra
Satluj	Baspa, Spiti, The Nogli khad
Beas	Awa, Banner, chakki
Chenab	Bhaga , chandra

38.) Which glacier feeds Pabbar river?

A.) Kulti

B.) Shilli

**C.) Chandra Nahan**

D.) Pacha

**Solution:** Chandra Nahan Glacier is at altitude of around 6000 meter and is located at Rohru (North west). It feeds Pabbar river. So option C is correct.

39.) Near which town of Mandi District of H.P is Shikari Devi Sanctuary?

A.) Jogindernagar

B.) Sarkaghat

C.) Pandoh

**D.) Sundernagar**

**Solution:** Shikari Devi Sanctuary is the combination of hills and woods which is very intoxicating. **Option D** is more appropriate.

**Note:** If you face any doubt in question, please read it from different source because sometimes answers vary.

40.) Which region of H.P is Phulech festival mainly associated?

A.) Bharmaur

**B.) Kinnaur**

C.) Sirmaur

D.) Saproon

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**Solution:** Option B is correct. Phulech is also called the festivals of flowers and is celebrated in Kinnaur.

41.) At which place in Chamba district of H.P, there is a sheep breeding farm?

- A.) Bathree
- B.) Sarol
- C.) Mahla
- D.) Banikhet

**Solution:** The total sheep population of the Himachal Pradesh is 11 lakh. There are five sheep breeding farms in Himachal Pradesh, they are:

- (1) Karchamm situated in Kinnaur district
- (2) Jeori situated in Chamba district
- (3) Tyal situated in Hamirpur district
- (4) Nangwin situated in Mandi district
- (5) Sarol situated in Chamba district.

So from the options B is the correct option.

42.) In which district of H.P is Suketi Fossil Park is situated?

- A.) Mandi
- B.) Shimla
- C.) Sirmour
- D.) Solan

**Solution:** Shivalik Fossil Park, also known as the Suketi Fossil Park, is a notified National Geo-heritage Monument fossil park situated in Sirmour district in the Indian state of Himachal Pradesh.

**Major Attractions:** Skeletons and Fossils of pre-historic animals can be found here

**Area:** Nahan Renuka Road, Jamta, Nahan, Himachal Pradesh, India

43.) Which princely state Owned the Bantony building of Shimla town and used it as summer palace.

- A.) Jubbal
- B.) Keenthal
- C.) Patiala
- D.) Sirmour

**Solution:** Chief minister Jai Ram Thakur has said that the historic Bantony Castle of Shimla will be renovated by spending Rs 25 crore in order to develop it as a major tourist attraction. He said that the castle was one of the historic and monumental buildings of the town and had a very rich history. Option D is correct.

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44.) Shri Dharm Prem Pracharni Sabha in July 1939 was founded by

- A.) Pandit Sita Ram
- B.) Bhagmal Sauhta
- C.) Satyadev Bushahri
- D.) Dina Nath Andhi.

**Solution:** Bhagmal was a civil engineer in 1899. He was staunch(committed) believer of human rights and therefore stood against britishers and dictatorship of Himalayan princes. So option B is right.

45.) What is the approximate percentage of marginal holdings in H.P?

- A.) 59.78
- B.) 63.26
- C.) 66.73
- D.) 69.78

**Solution:** Option D is correct. Marginal holding means size of land is less than 1 hectre. In India, marginal farmer among all the farmers is about 60% while in himachal the ratio is 69.78.

46.) In which district of H.P is Berra-Dol is a 5MW solar project is proposed.

- A.) Bilaspur
- B.) Una
- C.) Hamirpur
- D.) Mandi

**Solution:** Option A is correct. Berra-dol lies in Bilaspur district. It is a photovoltaic project.

47.) When did Beti Hai Anmol Yojana launched in Himachal Pradesh.

- A.) March, 2009
- B.) July, 2010
- C.) August, 2011
- D.) September, 2012

**Solution:** This scheme is launched by Ministry of women and child development for girls living below BPL (Below Poverty Line). Government deposit 10,000 per child in the account and awarded the scholarship of 300-1200 per child for their books and dresses. Girls which are born after July 5, 2010 are eligible for the benefits and it is restricted to 2 girls per family.

48.) Which president of India had written the book "The Turbulent Years, 1980-1996"?

- A.) Pranab Mukherjee
- B.) K.R Narayanan
- C.) A.P.J Abdul Kalam
- D.) Ram Nath Kovind

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**Solution:** In his book he had written about Rajiv Gandhi ascendance (control) as India's prime minister and covers about P.V Narasimha Rao. Operation BlueStar and Babri Masjid fiasco (failure) is also written.

49.) Who was the first president of B.J.P when it is formed on 6th April, 1980.

- A.) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- B.) Shyma Prasad Mukherjee
- C.) L.K Advani
- D.) Murli Manohar Joshi

**Solution:** Some person conflict Option A and Option B. Let me resolve the conflict. Bharatiya Jana Singh was founded by Shyma Prasad Mukherjee in 1951 which was merged with other parties to form Janata party in 1977. 3 years later first president of B.J.P Atal Bihari Vajpayee tool over the charge. One can say that Shyma prasad was the pioneer for B.J.P but Atal Bihari Vajpayee was the first president. Option A is correct.

50.) Who among has been the commanders in chief of Indian army after independence.

- A.) General Sir Lob Lockhart
- B.) General Sir Roy Butcher
- C.) General K.M Cariappa
- D.) All the above

**Solution:** Option D is correct

51.) In commonwealth games 2018 at Gold Coast in which sports all the participants of India got the medal.

- A.) Shooting
- B.) Wrestling
- C.) Badminton
- D.) Weightlifting

**Solution:** Option B is correct